

SESSION VII
PROGRAM CONCLUSION

SESSION VII WRITTEN EXAMINATION AND PROGRAM CONCLUSION

Upon successfully completing this session, the participant will be able to:

- o Complete a written examination with a passing grade.
- o Provide comments and suggestions to improve the course.

CONTENT SEGMENTS

- A. Post Test and Critique
- B. Certificates and Dismissal

LEARNING ACTIVITIES

- o Written Participant Exam

TOPICS FOR STUDY

Test your knowledge of the subject matter covered in this module by trying to answer the following questions. Answers are given on the next page.

1. What is a "drug" as the term is used in this course?
2. What are the seven major categories of drugs?
3. What kind (category) of drug is alcohol? What about cocaine? What about heroin?
4. Name the four eye examinations that provide important indicators of drug influence or medical impairment.
5. What category of drug is PCP? What about marijuana? What about Valium?
6. What category (or categories) of drug usually causes (or cause) the pupils to constrict?
7. What category (or categories) of drug causes (or cause) the pupils to dilate?
8. What categories of drugs usually will not induce horizontal gaze nystagmus?
9. What kind (category) of drug is methamphetamine? What about LSD? What about Peyote?
10. What does the term "polydrug use" mean?

Answers To Review Questions

1. For purposes of this training, "a drug is any substance, which when taken into the human body, can impair the ability of the person to operate a vehicle safely."
2. The seven categories are:
 - Central Nervous System Depressants - Hallucinogens
 - Central Nervous System Stimulants - Dissociative Anesthetics
 - Narcotic Analgesics - Inhalants
 - Cannabis
3. Alcohol is a CNS depressant. Cocaine is a CNS stimulant. Heroin is a narcotic analgesic.
4. The four key eye examinations include:
 - Tracking Ability - Pupil Size
 - Horizontal Gaze Nystagmus - Vertical Nystagmus
5. PCP is a Dissociative Anesthetic; that category consists of PCP and its various analogs. Marijuana is Cannabis. Valium is a CNS depressant.
6. Narcotic Analgesics usually cause the pupils to constrict.
7. CNS stimulants and Hallucinogens usually cause the pupils to dilate. Cannabis causes dilation of the pupils but may be normal.
8. CNS stimulants, Hallucinogens, Narcotic Analgesics and Cannabis do not induce horizontal gaze nystagmus.
9. Methamphetamine is a CNS stimulant. LSD and peyote are Hallucinogens.
10. "Polydrug use" is the practice of using two or more categories of drugs at the same time, i.e., combining drugs.